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Report and financial statements

31 December 2011



Report and financial statements 31 December 2011

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Board of Directors and other officers

Board of Directors

Nicolaos Georgoudas (resigned 16 January 2012), Georgios Iliopoulos (resigned 31 May 2011) Akis Pegasiou Viktor Papaconstantinou Ioannis Apsouris (appointed 31 May 2011)

Company Secretary

Simos Photiades 31A Demokratias street Lakatamia 2331 Nicosia Cyprus

Registered office

195D Old Nicosia Limassol Road Dhali Industrial Area 2550 Nicosia Cyprus

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers Limited Julia House 3 Themistocles Dervis Street CY-1066 Nicosia P O Box 21612 CY-1591 Nicosia, Cyprus

Report of the Board of Directors

1 The Board of Directors presents its report together with the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2011.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the Company, which are unchanged from last year, are the holding of investments including interest earning activities.

Review of developments, position and performance of the Company's business

3 The loss of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2011 was €10.625 (2010: loss of €13.618). On 31 December 2011 the total assets of the Company were €55.184.658 (2010: €40.196.999) and the net assets were €55.175.942 (2010: net assets €40.186.582). The financial position, development and performance of the Company as presented in these financial statements are considered satisfactory.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risks and uncertainties faced by the Company are disclosed in Note 3 of the financial statements.

Future developments of the Company

The Board of Directors does not expect any significant changes or developments in the operations, financial position and performance of the Company in the foreseeable future.

Results

6 The Company's results for the year are set out on page 6. The loss for the year is carried forward.

Share capital

- 7 On 14 June 2011 the Company issued 66 shares at €30.303 each to the current shareholder, Hellenic Petroleum International AG, for a total value of €1.999.998.
- 8 On 4 July 2011 the Company issued 99 shares at €30.303 each to the current shareholder, Hellenic Petroleum International AG, for a total value of €2.999.997.
- 9 On 24 November 2011 the Company issued 330 shares at €30.303 each to the current shareholder, Hellenic Petroleum International AG, for a total value of €9.999.990.
- On 24 November 2011 the Company increased its authorised share capital from 1 495 ordinary shares of nominal value €100 each into 1 825 ordinary shares of nominal value €100 each.

Report of the Board of Directors (continued)

Board of Directors

- The members of the Board of Directors at 31 December 2011 and at the date of this report are shown on page 1. All of them were members of the Board throughout the year 2011, except Mr Ioannis Apsouris, who was appointed as Director on 31 May 2011. Mr Georgios Iliopoulos, who held office at 1 January 2011, resigned on 31 May 2011 and Mr Nicolaos Georgoudas resigned on 16 January 2012.
- There were no significant changes in the assignment of responsibilities and remuneration of the Board of Directors.
- There being no requirement in the Company's Articles of Association for retirement 13 of Directors by rotation, all the Directors remain in office.

Events after the balance sheet date

There were no material post balance sheet events, which have a bearing on the 14 understanding of the financial statements.

Branches

The Company did not operate through any branches during the year. 15

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Independent Auditors

The Independent Auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers Limited, have expressed their 16 willingness to continue in office. A resolution giving authority to the Board of Directors to fix their remuneration will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting. ROLEUM SERBLA

By Order of the Board

Simos Photiades **Company Secretary**

Nicosia. 13 June 2012



Independent auditor's report

To the Members of Hellenic Petroleum Serbia (Holdings) Limited

Report on the financial statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Hellenic Petroleum Serbia (Holdings) Limited (the "Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2011, and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Board of Directors' responsibility for the financial statements

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union and the requirements of the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113, and for such internal control as the Board of Directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Board of Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of Hellenic Petroleum Serbia (Holdings) Limited as at 31 December 2011, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union and the requirements of the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113.

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PricewaterhouseCoopers Ltd is a member firm of PricewaterhouseCoopers International Ltd, each member firm of which is a separate legal entity.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Ltd is a private company registered in Cyprus (Reg. No. 143594). A list of the company's directors including for individuals the present name and surname, as well as any previous names and for legal entities the corporate name, is kept by the Secretary of the company at its registered office at 3 Themistocles Dervis Street, 1066 Nicosia and appears on the company's web site. Offices in Nicosia, Limassol, Larnaca and Paphos.



Report on other legal requirements

Pursuant to the requirements of the Auditors and Statutory Audits of Annual and Consolidated Accounts Law of 2009, we report the following:

• We have obtained all the information and explanations we considered necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company.

- The Company's financial statements are in agreement with the books of account.
- In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the financial statements give the information required by the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113, in the manner so required.

In our opinion, the information given in the report of the Board of Directors is consistent with

the financial statements.

Other matter

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Section 34 of the Auditors and Statutory Audits of Annual and Consolidated Accounts Law of 2009 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whose knowledge this report may come to

Sophie Solomonidou

Certified Public Accountant and Registered Auditor

for and on behalf of

PricewaterhouseCoopers Limited Certified Public Accountants and Registered Auditors

Nicosia, 13 June 2012

Statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2011

	Note	2011 · €	2010 €
Administrative expenses Other income Operating loss	5	(10.470) 307 (10.163)	(13.343) 115 (13.228)
Finance costs Loss before income tax	7	(10.590)	(13.228) (13.606)
Income tax expense Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	8	<u>(35)</u> <u>(10.625)</u>	<u>(12)</u> (13.618)

The notes on pages 10 to 20 are an integral part of these financial statements.

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Balance sheet at 31 December 2011

	Note	2011 €	2010 €
Assets Non-current assets Investment in subsidiary	-, 11	55.150.000	40.150.000
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	12	34.658 55.184.658	46.999 40.196.999
Equity and liabilities Capital and reserves Share capital Share premium Retained earnings Total equity	13 13	182.500 54.967.475 25.967 55.175.942	133.000 40.016.990 36.592 40.186.582
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Total equity and liabilities	14	8.716 55.184.658	10.417 40.196.999

On 13 June 2012 the Board of Directors of Hellenic Petroleum Serbia (Holdings) Limited authorised these financial statements for issue.

Akis Pegasion, Director

Viktor Papaconstantinou, Director

The notes on pages 10 to 20 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2011

	Note	Share capital , €	Share premium(1) €	Retained earnings €	Total €
Balance at 1 January 2010		<u>116.500</u>	35.033.495	50.210	35 200 205
Comprehensive income Loss for the year				(13.618)	<u>35.200.205</u> (13.618)
Total comprehensive income for the year				,	(13.016)
Transactions with owners	•			(13.618)	<u>(13.618</u>)
Issue of shares	13	16.500	4.983.495		
Total transactions with owners		16.500	4.983.495		4.999.995
Balance at 31 December 2010/1 January 2011		133.000	40.016.990	00.500	4.999.995
Comprehensive income	_		+0.010.990	36.592	<u>40.186.582</u>
Loss for the year	_			(10.625)	(10.625)
Total comprehensive income for the year		_	_	(10.605)	(40.000)
Transactions with owners	_			<u>(10.625</u>)	<u>(10.625</u>)
Issue of shares	13 _	49.500	<u>14.95</u> 0.485	<u>-</u>	14.999.985
Total transactions with owners	_	49.500	14.950.485		14.999.985
Balance at 31 December 2011	_	<u>182.500</u>	<u>54.967.4</u> 75	25.967	55,175,942
(4)	_			20.007	00,170,342

⁽¹⁾ The Share premium is not available for distribution in the form of a dividend.

The notes on pages 10 to 20 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2011

	Note	2011 €	2010 €
Cash flows from operating activities Loss before income tax Adjustments for:		(10.590)	(13.606)
Interest income Interest expense	5 7	(307) <u>427</u>	(115) 370
		(10.470)	(13.351)
Changes in working capital: Trade and other payables		(1.701)	(3.299)
Cash used in operations		(12.171)	(16.650)
Income tax paid		(35)	<u>(12</u>)
Net cash used in operating activities		<u>(12.206</u>)	(16.66
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of subsidiary Interest received	11	(15.000.000)	(5.000.000)
Net cash used in investing activities		<u>307</u> (14.999.693)	<u>115</u> (4.999.885)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issuance of ordinary shares Interest paid	13	14.999.985 <u>(427</u>)	4.999.995 (370)
Net cash from financing activities		14.999.558	4.999.625
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		(12.341) <u>46.999</u>	(16.922) <u>63.921</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	12	34.658	46.999

The notes on pages 10 to 20 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

1 General information

Country of incorporation

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The Company is incorporated and domiciled in Cyprus as a private limited liability company in accordance with the provisions of the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113. Its registered office is at 195D Old Nicosia Limassol Road, Dhali Industrial Area, 2550 Nicosia, Cyprus.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the Company, which are unchanged from last year, are the holding of investments including interest earning activities.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented in these financial statements unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as adopted by the European Union (EU), and the requirements of the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113.

As of the date of the authorisation of the financial statements, all International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) that are effective as of 1 January 2011 have been adopted by the EU through the endorsement procedure established by the European Commission, with the exception of certain provisions of IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" relating to portfolio hedge accounting.

The Company is not required by the Companies Law, Cap.113, to prepare consolidated financial statements because the ultimate parent company publishes consolidated financial statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in Greece and the Company does not intend to issue consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011. A copy of the consolidated financial statements is available to the members, at the registered office of the Company.

Since the EU 7th Directive permits the preparation of such consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Directive or in a manner equivalent to that Directive and since the Companies Law, Cap.113, provides for the aforementioned exemption, the provisions in IAS 27 "Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements" requiring the preparation of such consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS do not apply.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Basis of preparation (continued)

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

Adoption of new and revised IFRSs

During the current year the Company adopted all the new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) that are relevant to its operations and are effective for accounting periods beginning on 1 January 2011. This adoption did not have a material effect on the accounting policies of the Company.

At the date of approval of these financial statements the following financial reporting standards were issued by the International Accounting Standards Board but were not yet effective:

(i) Adopted by the European Union

Amendments

 Amendments to IFRS 7 "Financial instruments: Disclosures" on derecognition of financial instruments (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011).

(ii) Not adopted by the European Union

New standards

- IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" (and subsequent amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7) (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015).
- IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
- IFRS 11, "Joint Arrangements" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
- IFRS 12, "Disclosure of Interests in Other entities" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
- IFRS 13, "Fair Value Measurement" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
- IAS 27, "Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
- IAS 28, "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Adoption of new and revised IFRSs (continued)

Amendments

- Amendment to IAS 12 "Income Taxes" on deferred tax relating to recovery of underlying assets (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012).
- Amendment to IFRS 1 "First-time adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards" on severe hyperinflation and removal of fixed dates for First Time Adopters (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011).
- Amendment to IAS 1 "Financial Statements Presentation" on Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012).
- Amendments to IAS 19 "Employee Benefits" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
- Amendments to IFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures" on Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).
- Amendments to IAS 32 "Financial Instruments: Presentation" on Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).

New IFRICs

 IFRIC 20 "Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).

The Board of Directors expects that the adoption of these financial reporting standards in future periods will not have a material effect on the financial statements of the Company.

Revenue recognition

Revenue earned by the Company is recognised on the following base:

(i) Interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Company's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Euro (€), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Foreign currency translation (continued)

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

The current income tax is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the country in which the Company operates and generates taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. If applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation, it establishes provision where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Subsidiaries at cost

Subsidiaries are all entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The Company carries the investments in subsidiaries at cost less any impairment in its separate financial statements.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Share premium is the difference between the fair value of the consideration receivable for the issue of shares and the nominal value of the shares. Share premium account can only be resorted to for limited purposes, which do not include the distribution of dividends, and is otherwise subject to the provisions of the Cyprus Companies Law on reduction of share capital.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Cash and cash equivalents

In the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include deposits held with banks.

Comparatives

Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

3 Financial risk management

(i) Financial risk factors

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company's risk management programme is explained below.

Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and financial institutions.

For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties with a minimum rating are accepted. See Note 10 for further disclosure on credit risk.

Liquidity risk

The table below analyses the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

- 3 Financial risk management (continued)
- (i) Financial risk factors (continued)

At 31 December 2010
Trade and other payables

€ 10.417

Less than 1 vear

Less than 1 year

At 31 December 2011
Trade and other payables

8.716

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions.

(ii) Capital risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The capital as defined by management at 31 December 2011 and 2010 consists of equity as shown on the face of the balance sheet.

(iii) Fair value estimation

The carrying value less impairment provision of trade payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to for similar financial instruments.

4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Income taxes

Significant judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Company recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

5	Other	income
---	-------	--------

	• •	
Interest income:	201	2010
Bank balances	307	<u>115</u>
6 Expenses by nature	· •	
	2011 €	_0.0
Auditors' remuneration Auditors' remuneration - prior year Professional fees Professional fees - prior year Administration expenses Accountanct fees Accountancy fees - prior year	5.265 (32 2.185 (288 2.070 863	990 3.059) - 1.706 1.438
Secretarial fees Annual Levy fee	(288 345 350	910

The professional fees stated above do not include any fees for any other services charged by the Company's statutory audit firm.

7 Finance costs

Corporation tax Defence contribution Income tax expense

Total administrative expenses and other expenses

Interest expense:	2011 €	2010 €
Bank Charges Bank charges on transfers	55 373	370
Total interest expense	<u>372</u> 427	
Net foreign exchange loss		8
	427	378
8 Income tax expense		
Current tax:	2011 €	2010 €

<u> 10.470</u>

13.343

8 Income tax expense (continued)

The tax on the Company's loss before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the applicable tax rate as follows:

•	2011 €	2010 €
Loss before tax	<u>(10.590</u>)	<u>(13.606</u>)
Tax calculated at the applicable corporation tax rate of 10% Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes Special contribution for defence Tax effect of tax loss for the year	(1.059) 35 35 1.024	(1.361) 1 12 1,360
Income tax charge	35	<u>12</u>

The Company is subject to corporation tax on taxable profits at the rate of 10%.

From 1 January 2009 onwards, under certain conditions, interest may be exempt from income tax and only subject to defence contribution at the rate of 10%; increased to 15% as from 31 August 2011.

In certain cases dividends received from abroad may be subject to defence contribution at the rate of 15%; increased to 17% as from 31 August 2011; increased to 20% from 1 January 2012 to 31 December 2013.

9 Financial instruments by category

	Loans and receivables €	Total €
31 December 2010		
Assets as per balance sheet	46.000	46.000
Cash and cash equivalents	46.999	46.999
	Other financial liabilities €	Total €
Liabilities as per balance sheet		
Trade and other payables (excluding statutory liabilities)	<u>10.417</u>	<u>10.417</u>
	Loans and receivables €	Total €
31 December 2011		
Assets as per balance sheet		
Cash and cash equivalents	34.658	34.658
	Other financial liabilities €	Total €
31 December 2011		•
Liabilities as per balance sheet		£
Trade and other payables (excluding statutory liabilities)	8.716	<u>8.716</u>

10 Credit quality of financial assets

The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (if available) or to historical information about counterparty default rates:

10 Credit quality of financial assets (continued)

		2011	2010
Cash at bank		€	€
Caa2 Ba2		138	113
Daz	٠,	<u>34.545</u>	46.886
		 34.683	46.999

None of the financial assets that are fully performing has been renegotiated in the last year.

11 Investment in subsidiary

	2011 €	2010 €
At beginning of year	40.150.000	35.150.000
Additions	<u>15.000.000</u>	5.000.000
At end of year	<u>55.150.000</u>	40.150.000

The Company's interests in its subsidiary, which is unlisted, is as follows:

Name	Principal activity	Country of incorporation	2011 % holding	2010 % holding
EKO Serbia A.D., Beograd	Oil trading	Serbia	100	100

On 14 June 2011 the subsidiary, EKO Serbia A.D. Beograd, issued 20 additional shares to the Company for a total value of €2.000.000.

On 4 July 2011 the subsidiary, EKO Serbia A.D. Beograd, issued 30 additional shares to the Company for a total value of €3.000.000.

On 24 November 2011 the subsidiary, EKO Serbia A.D. Beograd, issued 30 additional shares to the Company for a total value of €10.000.000.

After these share issues the Company still owns 100% of the share capital of the subsidiary.

12 Cash and cash equivalents

	2011 €	2010 €
Cash at bank	34.658 34.658	<u>46.999</u> 46.999
Cash and cash equivalents include the following for the purposes flows:	of the stateme	nt of cash
	2011 €	2010 €
Cash and cash equivalents	34.658	46.999

12 Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies:

		2011	2010
		€	€
Euro - functional and presentation currency		34.545	46.886
Other currencies	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	113	<u>113</u>
		34.658	46.999

13 Share capital and share premium

	Number of shares	Share capital €	Share premium €	Total €
At 1 January 2010 Issue of shares	1 165 165	116.500 16.500	35.033.495 4.983.495	35.149.995 4.999.995
At 31 December 2010/1 January 2011	1 330	133.000	40.016.990	40.149.990
Issue of shares	<u>495</u>	49.500	14.950.485	14.999.985
At 31 December 2011	1 825	182.500	54.967.475	55.149.975

The total authorized number of ordinary shares is 1 495 shares (2010: 1 495 shares) with a par value of €100 per share. All issued shares are fully paid. The Company is currently in the process of increasing its authorised share capital.

On 14 June 2011 the Company issued 66 shares at €30.303 each to the current shareholder, Hellenic Petroleum International AG, for a total value of €1.999.998.

On 4 July 2011 the Company issued 99 shares at €30.303 each to the current shareholder, Hellenic Petroleum International AG, for a total value of €2.999.997.

On 24 November 2011 the Company issued 330 shares at €30.303 each to the current shareholder, Hellenic Petroleum International AG, for a total value of €9.999.990.

14 Trade and other payables

	2011 €	2010 €
Accrued expenses	<u>8.716</u>	<u> 10.417</u>

The fair value of trade and other payables which are due within one year approximates their carrying amount at the balance sheet date.

15 Related party transactions

The Company is controlled by Hellenic Petroleum International AG, incorporated in Austria, which owns 100% of the Company's shares. The Company's ultimate controlling party is Hellenic Petroleum S.A., incorporated in Greece.

No transactions occurred with related parties during the year.

16 Events after the balance sheet date

There were no material events after the balance sheet date, which have a bearing on the understanding of the financial statements.

Independent auditor's report on pages 4 to 5.

Analysis of expenses for the year ended 31 December 2011

	2011	2010
	€	€
Administrative expenses	E 00E	5,240
Auditors' remuneration	5.265	
Auditors' remuneration - prior year	(32)	990
	863	1.438
Accounting fees	2.185	3.059
Professional fees	345	910
Secretarial fees	•	0.0
Accountancy Fees Prior Year	(288)	4 700
Administration fees	2.070	1.706
	350	-
Annual Levy fee	(288)	-
Professional fees - prior year		40.040
	<u>10.470</u>	<u> 13.343</u>

Analysis of expenses for the year ended 31 December 2011

	2011	2010
·	€	€
Administrative expenses		
Auditors' remuneration	5.265	5.240
Auditors' remuneration - prior year	(32)	990
Accounting fees	863	1.438
Professional fees	2.185	3.059
Secretarial fees	345	910
Accountancy Fees Prior Year	(288)	-
Administration fees	2.070	1.706
Annual Levy fee	350	-
Professional fees - prior year	(288)	
•	10.470	13.343